TIMES-VIRGINIAN

IN THE HEART OF THE DARK TOBACCO BELT

APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA

ESTABLISHED 1892

CALVIN H. ROBINSON ..... EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Member Virginia Press Association

Entered as second-class matter at the Post-office at Appomattox, Va., under Ac. of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: $1.50 per year, 75c six months. Payable in advance. Advertising rates upon request.

LET'S LOVE WHAT WE FIGHT FOR

"Give me men," said one of history's most successful generals, "who know what they fight for, and love what they know." We are learning by bitter experience that the equipment for modern warfare—the scientific equipment—is big. Eddie Rickenbacker's flight now on the Pacific is typical. He and his companions felt it natural and necessary to have prayers for the night and morning. Reports from Guadalcanal tell that the men who have learned to fight on the front lines have also learned to pray.

Now news comes from Libya that the first tank of the British Eighth Army to pierce Rommel's minefields was driven by a young officer of the same fighting faith. Before the war he was trained in the program of Moral Re-Armament by its American imitator, Dr. Frank N. D. Buchman, whose aim is "to restore God to leadership in the lives of men and of nations." The young tank officer writes to America that this vision inspired him as he led the chase as far as Derna, where he was hit.

We need that spirit in our fighting men today. But not only in our fighting men. On the home front we must root out any half-heartedness or shilly-shallying. We too must aim to restore God to leadership in America if we are ever to restore fighting order to the world.

Ambassador Grew reports the fanatic devotion of the Japanese people. It is no use, he says, to hope for their morale to crack up quickly. They are tough fighters because they believe passionately in the cause for which they are fighting. Civilians and soldiers alike will make enormous sacrifices for victory.

The faith that strengthened Washington on his knees at Valley Forge will assure America of victory. But we must fight for that faith with a devotion that outmatches our enemies. Our fight is to make every home and every industry in the land, under God, a pattern of teamwork and production. In that fight there is a front line battle-station for everyone.

—Contributed.

THE BAN ON PLEASURE DRIVING

Roanoke Times

Regional, State and local OPA officials are snapping into action to enforce the ban on pleasure driving which has been put into effect in the Eastern States in an effort to ameliorate the critical gasoline shortage on the Atlantic seaboard and give precedence to the transportation of fuel oil ....

Right at first there will naturally be a good deal of confusion and some resentment is already being manifested by motorists when questioned as to their reasons for being parked in certain areas. But the confusion will speedily be straightened out, no doubt, and the resentment will disappear as recognition spreads of the necessity of the step.

After all, most—though not all—motorists are sound and just as patriotic as any other class of citizens. With few exceptions they cheerfully comply with the new mandate just as soon as they recognize that it is necessary and necessary to prevent a breakdown on the home front which would have serious consequences and materially impair the nation's war effort. It is better to make up our minds to get along on as little driving as necessary than to be forced to give up driving altogether.

It all boils down to two things: Common sense and conscience. Every motorist should face the fact that the ban on pleasure-driving affects him and the members of his own family as well as other people. Let every man or woman ask himself just one question before he or she backs the car out of the garage and starts down the street: "Is this trip really essential?" If we will all do that, and be absolutely honest in framing the answer, the problem of when to drive and when not to drive will be solved then and there.

A NEW SUGGESTION IN EDUCATION

During the past decade we heard much about new methods of teaching, and changes in the courses of study in our schools. A paper has just come to our desk which has something very arresting to say on the subject. The writer suggested that from the day a child first enrolls at school, through the second year of high school, only three subjects be taught: Reading, Writing and Arithmetic!

Now, maybe, that's worth thinking over. There is much to be said for putting first things first. We do not believe that our high school graduates can spell, write legibly, nor exhibit adequate knowledge of arithmetic.

Our Mr. Clark Will Call

Crutchfield's

CLEANERS and DYERS

LYNCHBURG, VA.

J. C. Hudgins

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

Appomattox, Va.

Service within the means of all

Phone: Day & Night 8311

ORGANIZED IN 1865

THE

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF LYNCHBURG

OFFICERS

J. D. Owen, ... President
J. T. Noell Jr., ... Vice-President
J. L. Jones ..... Vice-President
J. I. Nichols, ... Cashier
L. W. Horton, ... Assistant Cashier
S. D. Mortisett, ... Asst. Cashier

RESOURCES: TEN MILLION DOLLARS

Member Federal Reserve System Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

THE OLD BIG STRONG BANK

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D.
Of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for January 24

Lesson subjects and Scripture texts selected and copyrighted by International Council of Religious Education; used by permission.

JESUS THE GREAT PHYSICIAN

LESSON TEXT—John 5:2-17.
GOLDEN TEXT—Wilt thou be made whole?—John 5:6.

Hope of the hopeless, help of the helpless—who would that be, but Jesus? Come to Jerusalem for the feast He did—and took out the bonnet of the mighty, the places of learning and even me, but betook Himself to the Pool of Bethesda, where there "lay a multitude of them that were sick, blind, halt, withered." Why do He go to such a place? Because He always has compassion upon those in need.

In this multitude He saw at once the neediest man of all—one without friends or loved ones to care for him, despondent and disheartened. What happened that day may well encourage the heart of every sad, lonely, and discouraged one.

We see three things here.

I. Hopeless Infirmity (vv. 1-7).

How weak and helpless is humanity. Oh, yes, we seem to be strong, capable, fearless, but only until we meet some great elemental problem. Then we see that we are indeed a great multitude of impotent folk. The gently falling snow stopped the undefeated Napoleon. The silent fog can paralyze a nation. Sickness, death—who can stay their hand? We need the steady and powerful grip of God upon our lives if we are to go through such experiences. Not only was this man ill and weak, but his long years of suffering had made him so accustomed to weakness that he had reached a state of despair.

Such an attitude invites defeat. It may be the only recourse of the man of the world, but with Jesus standing by to help, there is good reason for assurance of faith in the darkest hour.

In the face of his need—yes, even in the light of Jesus' provision for that need—the leaders of the Jews could only criticize.

II. Heartless Religion (vv. 10-13, 15-16).

Jesus had done for the man what the Jews had not been able to do; in fact, one wonders whether they had so much as lifted a finger to help this poor sufferer. But now that he was able to walk, they were greatly concerned about the violation of their Sabbath day restriction against any work.

Instead of shouting for joy that this man was able to carry not only himself but his bed, they became zealous about maintaining the letter of their law.

Are there not those in our day who would be greatly disturbed if the deathlike quiet and dignity of their church services were to be broken by the cry of a new born babe in Christ? Would a revival be welcomed in the great churches of America which have lost the savor of Christ and the power of the gospel? We think not.

The man who had been healed answered well (v. 11). He did not know who Jesus was, but he knew that if He had authority to heal, He also had the right to tell him to carry his bed. When we meet Jesus we will be healed of our infirmities and, like this man, be delivered from the fear of cold ecclesiasticism.

But let us turn to the heart of our lesson, which is the act of Jesus in giving him

III. Healing of Body and Soul (vv. 8, 9, 14).

The body of this man was miraculously healed. There was no partial improvement, no long drawn out convalescence and regaining of strength. In fact, he was told to do something which called for the full vigor of a healthy body, to show that he was healed.

Even so when we are healed from sin it is not to a half-dead existence, but to the full vigor of spiritual life. We are to arise and walk in the power and grace which Christ has brought into our lives.

Note that the miracle performed here was for the glory of God. The miracles of God are not mere marvels or wonders. They are not for the advancement of the cause of any man or for personal glory. They are the mighty signs of an omnipotent God wrought for the good of men, for their spiritual enlightenment, and as a testimony to the one true God.

So in this case Jesus found the man in the temple to admonish him to continue steadfast in the spiritual liberty which had come to him "lest a worse thing befall" him.

Evidently this man's infirmity had been caused by sin, and even though he had suffered those 38 long years the tendency toward sin was still alive in his heart. Sin dies hard. How often have we not seen those who have cried to God out of their affliction, promising all sorts of spiritual changes if God will deliver them. When He does, they go right back to their old ways. The one who does that may well be looking for the "worse thing" which will surely befall him.

Vera News

Vera, Jan 18.- Miss Irene Garrett spent last week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Garrett.

Miss Barbara Blackwell spent last week-end with Miss Maude Chernault.

Evelyn Chernault spent last week end with her sister, Mrs. Edna Blackwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Garrett spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Z. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Reynolds were guests in the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hatcher Sunday night.

Miss Ellen Kinnaird and Miss Ola Carter spent Sunday evening with Miss Doris Lee Reynolds.

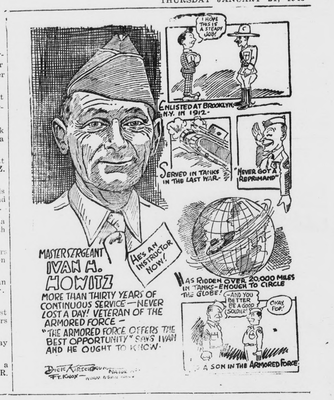
Mr. Nathali Robertson and Mrs. Johnnie Cornelius spent Friday evening with Mrs. J. J. Chernault.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Coleman spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. R.H. Coleman.

Mrs. Ernest Robertson spent last Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs T. H. Robertson.

Virginia Carter spent Monday night with Florence Robertson.

Mrs. Otis Smith is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. R. H. Coleman.



It Takes Both, War Bonds and Taxes, to Win—Victory Tax Special Direct Levy Asked to Help Meet Heavy War Costs

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Approximately 50,000,000 American workers began to make an added contribution to the War cost this month in the form of a 5% Victory tax.

For many millions of Americans the Victory tax and the 1943 income tax are the first direct levies to be made by the Government to meet the staggering War costs. And it will take both . . . taxes and War bonds . . . to provide the supplies and materials to win the War and the peace afterwards.

The Treasury Department estimates that the Victory tax will raise approximately $2,000,000,000. Every person receiving more than $12 per week must pay the Victory tax upon that part of his income over and above the $12. For example, a married man with a salary of $50 per week, with two dependents, would make only a net payment of $1.60 per week after allowance for post-war credit.

The Government has made every effort to make the impact of the new tax as light as possible. The law, in effect, provides that in the case of married persons whose sole income is from wages or salary, 40 percent of the Victory tax paid (up to a maximum of $1,000) plus 2 percent for each dependent (up to a maximum of $100) may be used as a credit against whatever Federal income taxes the individual may owe at the end of the year—provided he has purchased certain War Bonds, or paid old debts or paid life insurance premiums equal to the amount of the credit. In the case of single persons the credit will be 25 percent of the Victory tax paid (up to a maximum of $500). Should the Victory tax credit exceed the individual's Federal income tax, the unused portion of the credit may be refundable to the taxpayer.

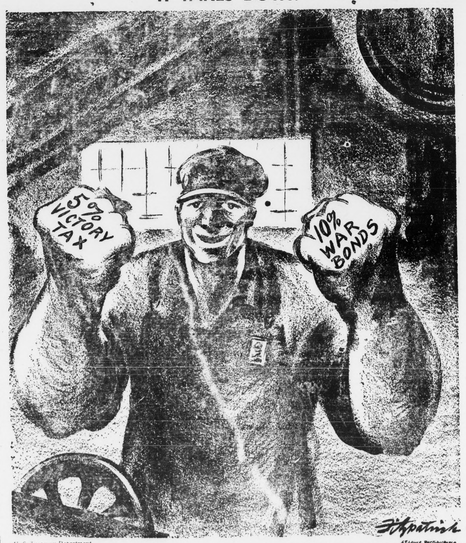
Even with the Victory tax, the 1943 income tax, and all other taxes paid by individuals, the average American will have more money with which to buy War Bonds than he has ever had before. Here are the statistics which explain that statement:

In 1940 the total income payments made to the American people amounted to about 76 billion dollars. In that same year the total personal taxes paid, Federal, State and local, were roughly 2.5 billion dollars, leaving 73.5 billion dollars of disposable income. During 1943 total income payments are expected to rise to 125 billion dollars and total personal taxes under existing revenue legislation will be 15 billion dollars—leaving 110 billion dollars of disposable income at our disposal as against only 73.5 billion dollars in 1940.

In 1943 Mr. Average American will still be carrying a much lighter tax load than his Canadian or English brothers-in-arms. In Great Britain total national and local taxes paid by individuals at present amount to 31 percent of the national income. In Canada, total individual taxes amount to 25 percent of the national income. In the United States, total personal taxes, Federal, state and local, will amount in 1943 to 18 percent of national income. Our English allies invest an additional 10 percent of national income in War savings. Our Canadian allies invest an additional 11 percent of national income in War savings. We Americans, to match the record of our Canadian neighbors, would have to invest this year 20 percent of our national income in War savings. To match the English record we would have to invest 23 percent of national income in War savings.

U. S. Treasury Department

IT TAKES BOTH!



U. S. Treasury Department

Lee Theatre

Appomattox

Wed., Thurs. Jan. 20-21: Rosalind Russell, Fred McMurray in

TAKE A LETTER, DARLING

Fri. Sat. Jan. 22-23: Charles Starrett in "Bad Man of Hills." Weaver Bros in "The Old Homestead."

Mon., Tue. Jan. 25-26:

MEN OF TEXAS

Wed., Thurs. Jan. 27-28: Cary Grant and Jean Arthur in

THE TALK OF THE TOWN

Paramount

Lynchburg, Va.

NOW PLAYING

"THE PALM BEACH STORY"

Claudette Colbert
Joel McCrea

Starting Sunday

"Geo. Washington Slept Here"

Personals

Friends are glad to see F. B. Caleout, after having flu.

Jimmy Burton spent the week-end at Hampden-Sydney.

J. W. Eddins, of Hampden-Sydney, and Miss Christine Eddins, of Farmville S.T.C., were home last week-end.

Roy Hancock, of Raleigh, N. C., visited his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E.M. Drinkard, last week. Mr. Hancock has enlisted in the Marine Corps.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Marshall and family, of South Boston, spent the week-end in Appomattox.

Carroll Smith, of Richmond spent th week-end in the home of W. L. Brown.

Miss Ilene Smith, who has a position at the Colony, was home for the week-end.

Mrs. Eula Stratton has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Charles Crawley, at East Falls Church, Va.

William Moore, of Richmond, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R C Moore.

Miss Lucille Cralle, of Charlottesville spent Tuesday at her home here.

W. H. Conner is out again after a recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B White, of Lynchburg spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Smith.

Friends are pleased to hear that Mr. Willis Locock is progressing nicely after an extended illness.

Friends are sorry to hear that Mrs Grace Dawson is sick.

Ann Evans, of Lynchburg spent several days this week with her grandmother, Mrs. Jennie Johnson.

Billy Steele, of Richmond, was in Appomattox yesterday.

Ensign and Mrs. N. C. Terry, of Norfolk, Mrs. P.A. Robinson, of Baltimore, H. T. Terry, Jr., of Smyrna, and W. C. Dudley, were dinner guests of Mrs. J.B.Terry and Miss Emily Featherston last week.

Miss Emily Featherston is visiting her sister, Mrs. R.E.Baldwin in Richmond.

Miss Rebecca Harvey has returned to Raleigh, N.C., after spending a month with her mother, Mrs. J. F. Harvey.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Marshall and Mrs. Pearl Marshall, of Rixburg, have rented the residence of Miss Alice Hirwood.

Mrs. Greene and children, of N. J. have rented an apartment in the Harwood apartment house and expect to move February 1st.

Miss Barbara Ligon, who has been in Washington, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Staton have announced the birth of a son, born January 18th.

Mrs. T. M. Trent returned home yesterday after visiting her husband for several days. He is stationed at Camp Perry, Williamsburg, Va.

Miss Isabell Ranson spent Tuesday night and Wednesday in Lynchburg.

Phone 30 with Personals.

NOTICE - - -

Due to the present situation, I am closing out my Dress Shop. All stock greatly reduced for immediate sale.

$5.95 DRESSES, reduced to.. $3.75
$1.25 Hansen Gloves,.. 95c. Others to 50c
25c an 21bc Sox, 15c
Longsleeve Print DRESSES, $1.39. NOW $1.00
HATS $1.15

THE VAL - U SHOP

Mrs. Geo. Langran

Sales Cash

Memorial Methodist Church

On Sunday next at 11:00 A. M. the pastor will preach on, "Because He is God," and at 8:00 P. M. on, "The Characteristics of the Truly Great."

Church School at 9:45 A. M. and Youth Fellowship at 7:00 P. M.

CHURCH POUNDS NEW PASTOR

The Central Baptist Church pleasantly surprised their pastor and family last Sunday night with a generous pounding.

It is a pleasure to have the privilege of serving such thoughtful people.

A. C. Lawson, Pastor.

POEM BY LOCAL PUPIL

The moon was bright,
Not a cloud in sight.
We played all day
And half the night.
The radio was on,
As I leaned on
My elbow to hear
The music so dear.
The program cut short,
And we heard a report—
Pearl Harbor was bombed,
And was greatly harmed.
We didn't invite'em at all,
But Doolittle repaid their call.
—Dan Callahan, age, 12.

Pamplin

Pamplin, Jan. 18.- Mrs. E. G. Ranson, of Emporia was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. E.E.Farrar.

Mrs. Parcelle, of Yorktown; Mrs Murphy, of Newport News, and Miss Carrie Pankey, of Appomattox spnt the week-end with their father, R. L. Pankey.

Mr. and Mrs Clarence Pankey, of Roanoke were week-end guests of relatives here.

Miss Eurlean Rosser, of Appomattox spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. C. C. Rosser.

Recent guests in the home of Mr and Mrs. P. B. Fitzgerald were Mrs. Albert Beard, of Appomattox and Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Spencer, of Buckingham.

Miss Mary Alice Paulette, of Evergreen spent last Wednesday night in the home of her aunt, Mrs. L. M. Southall.

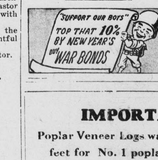
Mrs. James Inge recently visited her father, J. R. Hamilton, of Evergreen.

R. E. McCleany, of Newport News spent last Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Linford Cumby was a visitor in Appomattox last Saturday.

C. J. Paulett, of Evergreen spent Sunday with his sisters, Mrs. L. M. Southall and Mrs. H. M. Robertson.

Miss Margaret Ligon was hostess to the Y. W. A.'s of Elon Baptist Church last Tuesday evening.



WILLIAM ABNERL LEWIS

William Abner Lewis, 92, died near Farmville, January 14. He was a native of this county, son of the Lte John R. and Susie Webb Lewis. He made his home with J. R. Webb, a nephew. Funeral services were conducted January 16, from Hollywood Baptist Church.

"SAFETY FIRST"

Our safety lock boxes protect your U.S. Bonds and all valuable papers. Don't risk losing these by fire and theft. See us. The cost is small. Do it today.

FARMERS NATIONAL BANK
(12-10-42-tf)

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Poplar Veneer Logs wanted. $53.00 cash per 1,000 feet for No. 1 poplar veneer logs delivered at Appomattox. Also advance in all veneer logs.

Oscar Jamerson & Son

Truck Owners

Bring your War Certificate and Truck to Burge's No. 3

Periodic OPA inspection each 60 days or 5,000 miles Required

There has been an extension of the deadline for passenger periodic inspection, but do not delay until it is too late.

KEEP'EM ROLLING, WITH BURGE'S ESSO SERVICE

3 STATIONS TO SERVE YOU

H. M. Burge Co., Inc.

APPOMATTOX, VA.

THE BANK OF APPOMATTOX

ANNUAL COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Growing With and Serving Appomattox

The progress and the goal of man or institution may be judged by a careful study of successive "footprints on the sands of time." - Each year this Bank publishes this comparative statement, placing current and comparative information before you so that you may measure the direction of our growth. We thank you for your part and cooperation in this growth.

RESOURCES	Dec. 31, 1941	Dec. 31, 1942
Loans and Discounts	$397,615.15	356,221.91
Overdrafts	27.26	
United States Government and other Bonds, Stocks, Securities	93,219.51	255,901.38
Banking house and lot	3,400	3,300
Furniture and fixtures	3,272.42	2,791.74
Other real estate owned	5,701.51	6,409.50
Cash and due from banks	170,914.34	178,933.59
TOTAL	690,213.18	803,558.12

LIABILITIES	Dec. 31, 1941	Dec. 31, 1942
Capital Stock, common	$40,000	40,000.00
Surplus	30,000.00	32,500.00
Undivided profits	53.13	
TOTAL DEPOSITS	614,461.26	724,385.37
Other Liabilities	5,698.79	6,672.75
TOTAL	690,213.18	803,558.12

President ..... R. L. Burke
Vice-president .... C. W. Smith
Cashier ..... J. C. Davidson

Directors

R. L. Burke H. M. Burge
J. A. Burke C. W. Smith
J. C. Davidson

BANK OF APPOMATTOX

ESTABLISHED 1901 MEMBER FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION. EACH DEPOSIT INSURED UP TO $5,000